BALFOURS ON WESTRAY. ORKNEY ISLANDS. 1560 TO 1959

Ian's paternal ancestors as shown on 'The Balfour Family Tree' immediately above this chart, are highlighted here in orange.

The narrative and charts are from 'Westray Roots - the Family History Newsletter for Westray Folk Everywhere', Issue 39 in December 2000.

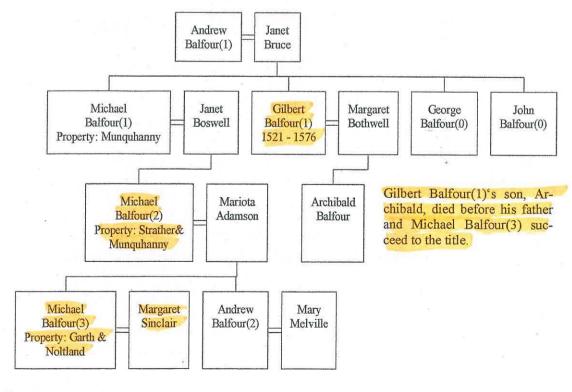
name died. The first Westray resident of October 1559. Margaret was the daughter the family was Gilbert(1), a younger son of Francis Bothwell and his wife Catherof Andrew Balfour(1) of Munquhanny ine Ballendine. Catherine was the great (Fife) and his wife, Janet, a daughter of aunt of the first Ballendines of Stenness. Sir Alexander Bruce of Earlshall. From In 1560 Gilbert(1) obtained feu of the all accounts this Gilbert(1) seems to have following lands in Westray from his been one of these rare personalities who brother-in-law, the Bishop. They were need the ever-present thrill of danger to Kirbister, Noltland, Bakka, Fribo, Garth, sustain them through life.

In 1546 he, along with two of his brothers, was implicated in the murder of Cardinal Beaton. Afterwards they were besieged in St Andrew's Castle and upon its surrender were sentenced to a period at the oar of a French galley. It is interesting to note that their chaplain and partner in crime, John Knox, later described the three as "men without God who had neither fear of God nor love of virtue. further than their present commodity persuaded them."



embers of the Balfour family Sir Gilbert(1), married Margaret Bothwere resident in Westray from well, a sister of Adam Bothwell (1536 -1560 until 1959, when the 93) who became Bishop of Orkney in Clett, Uea, Rackwick, Aikerness and Ma-

Descendants of Andrew Balfour(1)





he is designated "of Birsay" on 11th Octorecord. In 1566 John was Sheriff Deputy of Orkney.

Court in Edinburgh than on his Orkney estates for the next we hear of him he is Master of the Household of Mary Queen of Sir Michael Balfour(3) outlived his father, band, Henry Lord Darnley was murdered grandfather, Michael(1), to the estate of early in February 1567, Gilbert(1) was Munquhanny in Fife. Michael(2) was a reputed to have played a prominent part. descendant of King Robert the Bruce Later in the same year he returned to Ork- through his mother, Janet Boswell of Balney where he appears as Sheriff of Orkney muto. His wife was Mariota Adamson. and Governor of Kirkwall Castle. He was daughter of Patrick, Archbishop of St Annoted for his quarrels with his brother-inlaw, the Bishop, and his refusal to admit the refugee, the Earl of Bothwell, husband Sir Michael(2) does not seem to have been of the Queen, to the safety of Kirkwall any more popular than his uncle for, on Castle.

Kirkwall Castle

Lord Robert Stewart, afterwards Earl of Orkney, succeeded in 1568 in compelling Bishop Bothwell to give up bishopric estates in exchange for abbacy of Holyrood in Edinburgh. A little later his greedy eye must have fallen on the Balfour estate for the Parliament of 20th August 1571 found Sir Gilbert Balfour(1) guilty of treason and his estates were forfeited. Two months dale, obtained the estate of Bu' of Rapness later Gilbert(1) was in command of a hundred men of the Queen's party in Edin- with her brother, perhaps his housekeeper charge of an attempt to capture Inchkeith, ture husband. Malcolm Sinclair enterand in April 1572 at the head of twenty tained the shipwrecked sailors of the 'El harquebusiers, he captured

bak. Also included were Papa Westray, Castle and held it on behalf of his ill-fated Pharay and some land in Stronsay. It must sovereign. Meantime back in Orkney the have been about this time he started build- Privy Council ordered Lord Robert ing Noltland Castle. It is probable that Stewart to hand over the Castle of Nolt-Gilbert(1) also obtained lands in Birsay as land to its rightful owner. When Sir Gilbert(1)'s schemes finally collapsed with ber 1560 when he, along with his two the defeat of his royal mistress, he fled younger brothers George and John, were abroad to Sweden, and entered the army. present at the granting of sasine to Duncan Here again his old love of intrigue and Scollay and his wife. During the following danger rose to the surface. He became year Gilbert(1) and John were again on involved in a plot against the king, was discovered, and paid with his life in August 1576. He was probably about 55 years of age. His only son Archibald was Sir Gilbert(1) probably resided more at the by this time dead, and his Orkney estates passed to his great nephew, Michael(3).

Scots. When the Queen's unfortunate hus- Michael(2), and in 1592 succeeded his drews.

> 23rd December 1597, we read of a complaint preferred against himself and his sons, by the leading isles folk. His sons were Sir Andrew Balfour(2) of Strather and Munquhanny who married Mary Melville of Halhill in 1589, and Michael Balfour(3) of Garth in Westray.

In 1593 Michael(3) married Margaret, daughter of Malcolm Sinclair of Quendale in Shetland. About this time George Sinclair, a younger son of the Laird of Quenin Westray. No doubt Margaret came over In November 1571 he was in before his marriage, and thus met her fu-Blackness Gran Grifon,' one of the flagships of the

Spanish Armada, which was wrecked on love of the lady whose feet had been the Fair Isle in 1588, before they were washed in it! transported abroad. He must have spoken about this often to his family and George Sinclair may have been old enough to have remembered his father's unexpected and unusual guests.

Feet Washed in Wine

Garth was sworn in as a commissioner to sacrificed to feed the storm-bound guests.

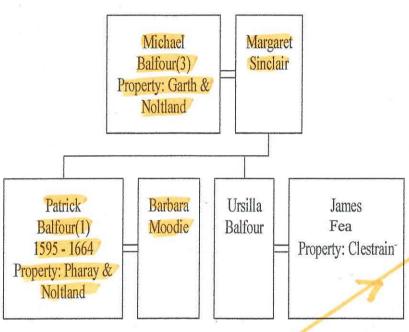
Michael Balfour(3) invited most of the Orkney gentry to his daughter's wedding. The feasting began in Noltland Castle on Martinmas day. 1632. Unfortunately however, the winter storms came and for three months it was impossible for any boat to leave or approach the island. One On 8th June 1627, Michael Balfour(3) of by one, the cattle and sheep had to be

> until almost whole flock eaten. One can picture the relief when at last the rough seas calmed sufficiently to allow the boats to depart and the Balfour family were left in peace once more. Tradition tells us this prolonged wedding feast caused Michael some financial difficulties and he was forced to sell some land.

Patrick Balfour(1) was already married at the time of his sister Ursilla's wedding. For a spouse

report on Westray. In 1635 he is de- he chose Barbara Moodie, a daughter of scribed 'of Noltland'. Michael(3) and Mar- Francis Moodie of Breckness and his first garet had two children, Patrick(1) of wife, Margaret Stewart of Graemsay. He Fea, younger (and later 3rd) of Clestrain. his sister's marriage contract was signed. 1632. According to the custom of the entertained the Marquis of Montrose time, on the evening of the contract being when he was in Orkney trying to recruit signed Ursilla Balfour's feet were washed troops for his army. Certainly they were in a tub of wine. Later it was discovered staunch royalists and in 1650 they gave

Descendants of Michael Balfour(3)



Pharay and Ursilla. Ursilla married James was resident in Noltland Castle at the time Her marriage contract is dated 17th June It is possible that Patrick(1) and Barbara that the servants had drunk the lot. Not for refuge to some of Montrose's officers after the love of the liquor, they said, but for the his final defeat at Carbisdale. The local





Covenanting Leaders under Captain John Pollock attacked the castle and captured it without much difficulty. The fugitives were made prisoners and the castle was reputedly set on fire. In December 1659 Patrick(1) was a witness at the baptism of his brother-in-law, Francis Moodie's eldest son, Patrick.

In 1664 Patrick(1) died, leaving four sons and two daughters. His children were:-

(1) George Balfour(1) of Pharay was the last Balfour to live in Noltland Castle. In 1654 he married Marjorie Baikie of Tankerness and after her death in 1678, he married Mary McKenzie. second daughter of Murdoch, Bishop of Orkney.

Descendants of Patrick Balfour(1)

1	Patrick Balfour(1)	1595 - 1664		
127	+Barbara Moodie			
2	Michael Balfour(4)			
	+?			
2	George Balfour(1)	- 1706		
	+Mary McKenzie			
	*2nd Wife of George Balfour(1):			
	+Marjorie Baikie - 1678			
2	John Balfour(1)	- 1664		
	+Janet Alexander			
2	Robert Balfour(1)			
2	Barbara Balfour	- 1665		
	+Nicol Moncrieff			
2	Janet Balfour			
	+James Kinnaird			

- (2) Patrick Balfour and Barbara Moodie's second son was John(1) of Garth who married Janet Alexander but died the same year as his father without leaving any family.
- (3) Robert of Clouster was described as younger in Westray in 1665.
- (4) Michael Balfour(4) lived in Banks, Rousay
- (5) Barbara was the eldest daughter. She married Nicol Moncrieff but was dead by 1665.
- (6) Janet Balfour married James Kinnaird of Burwick in August 1657.

THE CHART BALFOUR FAMILY TREE OMITS MICHAEL AND GOES FROM PATRICK (2)

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A French Ship & George Balfour(1)

A strange vessel, believed to be French, came ashore in Westray on 1st June 1691. Four days later George Balfour(1) of Pharay along with George Traill of Holland, Papa Westray, and their servants. sailed the ship to Kirkwall. She was still lying there three weeks later while the Counsel of Scotland decided whether she was a prize or not. It would be interesting to know what the final decision was.

George(1) had eight children, and when he died in 1706 his 2nd son, William(1), succeeded him.

His 3rd son John(2) was the first Balfour of Trenabie, and left the Trenabie estates to his nephew John Balfour, who married Elizabeth Traill of Tirlot. He was the ancestor of the Balfours of Balfour Castle in Shapinsay.

Michael Balfour(4), the fourth son of Patrick(1), lived in Rousay and was a merchant. Little is known about him or his wife. Perhaps someone reading this may be able to supply the missing details. He appears on record on 5th August, 1710 when he grants a bond of relief to a cautioner for his dead brother, George of Pharay. Michael(4) had four children:-

- (1) Patrick(2),
- (2) Robina who married William Irvine.
- (3) Rebecca who married Alexander Marwick.
- (4) Unknown

1 Michael Date (4)

Descendants of Michael Balfour(4)

1 1	nchael Ballour(4)
2	Patrick Balfour(2) 1647 -
	+Marie Monteith
2	Robina Balfour
	+William Irvine
2	Rebecca Balfour
١	+Alexander Marwick
2	? Balfour
1	

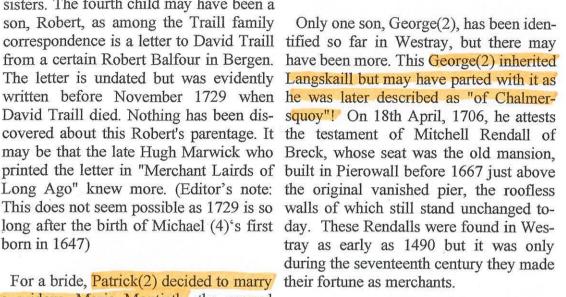
sons had been recorded and in this case the son Patrick(2) is separated from the merchant in Westray. unknown child by the names of his two sisters. The fourth child may have been a son, Robert, as among the Traill family from a certain Robert Balfour in Bergen. The letter is undated but was evidently David Traill died. Nothing has been discovered about this Robert's parentage. It may be that the late Hugh Marwick who Long Ago" knew more. (Editor's note: This does not seem possible as 1729 is so born in 1647)

For a bride, Patrick(2) decided to marry a widow, Marie Montieth, the second daughter of Patrick Montieth of Egilsay and his wife Marion Smythe, daughter of Patrick Smythe of Braco. Marie's greatgrandfather, James Montieth, had come to Orkney as clerk to Lord Robert Stewart's wife, Dame Jean Kennedy. Along with her sisters Marjorie (who in 1665 married William Douglas, Chamberlain to the Earl of Horton) and Margaret who died unmarried in June 1678), she grew up in the mansion house of Hooan in Egilsay.

About 1670 Marie first married her cousin William Montieth of Tuquoy who died in September 167 leaving her a widow with no children.

Two years later the twenty-nine year old widow Marie married Patrick Balfour(2) who was installed in Langskaill, Westray, by his uncle George Balfour(1) of Pharay on 27th March, 1676. It would be interesting to know whether it was Marie's beauty, birth and breeding which made her, a childless widow, more acceptable to Patrick than a younger woman, or was it merely the weight of her moneybags! Anyway. we find them both granting obli-

The name of the fourth child is uncergations to James Young M.K. on 15th tain. This may have been a daughter, as December 1677, and fourteen years later daughters were only listed after all the when Marie was over forty, they were "Put to the horn" by William Traill, a (Editor's note: What does this mean?)



Later in life George(2) married a girl called Barbara Rendall who may have been a relative of Mitchell. The wedding couldn't have taken place much before 1730 when George(2) was over 50 years old. Probably the officiating minister was Mr. William Blaw who is said to have hanged his cat for killing a mouse on Sunday, and who died in 1734. His successor, Mr. Andrew Cowan, married William Blaw's daughter Jane, while his youngest daughter Marjorie Blaw married Thomas Traill, junior, of Tirlot.

Descendants of George Balfour(2)

1	Geor	ge Balfour(2)			
	+Bar	bara Rendall			
	2	Catherine Balfour	1737 -		
		+John Seat	ter		
	2	David Balfour(1)	1737 -		
	+Marjory Smith				
	2	Jane Balfour	1737 -		
	2	William Balfour(2)	1740 -		
	2	George Balfour(3)	1742 -		
	2	Thomas Balfour(1)	1744 -		
		+Elizabeth	Sinclair	1754 -	
	2	Ann Balfour	1746 -		
	+William Hewison				
	2	John Balfour(3)	1748/49 -		
	2	Murdoch Balfour(1)	1752 -		
	,	+Jean Hewison			





Two other children were born to George(2) and Barbara before 1737. They were David(1) who married Marjory Smith and Catherine who married John Seatter. They both had large families but their descendants have not been traced beyond 1800.

George(1)'s remaining children were:-Jane (born 1737) William(2) (born 1740) George(3) (born 1742) Thomas(1) (born 1744) Ann (born 1746) John(3) (born 1749) Murdoch(1) (born 1752)

Apart from John(3) they all married and had family but only Thomas(1) and Murdoch(1)'s descendants have been traced to the 20th century in Westray.

Descendants of Murdoch Balfour(1)

1 M	urdoch Balfour(1)	1752 -	
. +J	ean Hewison		
2	James Balfour(2)	1782 -	
+Jean		endall	
2	Jean Balfour	1785 - 1841	
	+Balfou	r Hewison	
2	Barbara Balfour	1788 -	
	+John Logie		
2	Katherine Ralfour		

Strangely enough, it was the youngest son, Murdoch(1), who succeeded to Chalmersquoy. He married Jean Hewison who was said to have been a descendant of a shipwrecked Spanish sailor from the "El Gran Grifon" of 1588. Murdoch's sister Ann also married a Hewison called William. The Balfours of the late 18th and 19th centuries were always called the "Dons" owing to the tradition of their Spanish blood. They were said to have black hair and unusually short necks.

Murdoch(1) and Jean Balfour's only son was James(2), (born in 1782). Jean the eldest daughter (1785-1641) married Balfour Hewison who may have been a son of her aunt Ann.

They had four children:-Thomas (born 1811) Jean (born 1813) Ann (born 1814) Murdoch (born in 1820)

Murdoch(1)'s second daughter, Barbara Balfour, born August 1788, married John Logie, a tailor. Their daughter Jean (born 1825) married John Meil and was grandmother of Mrs. Jean Bews of Quovbirse, Westray, Mary Mrs. Drever. Langskaill, Skelwick, and the late Mrs. Davina R. Scott of Links. Jean's brother Balfour Logie (born 1829), married Barbara. daughter of Sir James Tait. They lived in London and Shetland and had three daughters, Barbara, Rose and Camy. Balfour Logie is said to have been ruined financially by his titled father-in-law.

The third daughter of Murdoch of Chalmersquoy was born in 1791. Her name was Katherine and she seems to have died unmarried.

From letters in the Watt collection we see that the laird of Chalmersquoy in 1770 was in the habit of accepting smuggled brandy. Brugh and Tirlot seem to have been similarly engaged while Mr. Balfour of Trenabie was kept in ignorance, it being too well known where his sympathies lay. Orkney at this period was notorious for its smuggling, almost all the lairds being engaged in varying degrees in the trade.

James Balfour(2) of Chalmersquoy (born 1782) married Jean Rendall and had three of a family.

Descendants of James Balfour(2)

1 Jam	es Balfour(2)	1782 -	
. +Jea	an Rendall		
2	Murdoch Balfour(2)	
2	Ann Balfour	1812 -	
	+William	n Reid	
2	David Balfour(2)	1816 -	
	+Barbara Reid		1832 - 1912

Their daughter Ann (born 1812) married a Mr. William Reid and had issue: William Reid (born 1840), James Reid (born 1842) and Jean Reid (born 1845). The eldest son Murdoch(2) seems to have died unmarried. (See Roger Hollyman's notes)

David Balfour(2) of Chalmersquoy

Descendants of David Balfour(2)

1 Day	rid Balfour(2)	1816 -
. +Ba	arbara Reid 1832 - 19	12
2	James Balfour(3)	1858 - 1900
2	Hannah Balfour	1859 - 1910
2	David Balfour(3)	1860 -
2	John Balfour(4)	1860 -
2 .	Thomas Balfour(3)	1870 - 1922
2	Murdoch Balfour(3)	1872 - 1917
2	Annie Jean Balfour	1875 - 1934
2	William Balfour(7)	1877 -
2	Barbara Elizabeth Ba	lfour 1881 - 1959

The youngest son David (2), (born 1816), was his father's heir. His wife Barbara Reid may have been a sister of William Reid, senior. She died aged 80 on 21st June, 1912. Little is known of David(2), not even when he died as his name is not on the family tombstone in Pierowall Churchyard. It may have been he who renovated Chalmersquoy to its present form. (Editor's note:- Chalmersquoy has been renovated several times since David Scott wrote this article)

These were the children of David Balfour(2) and Barbara Reid:-

- (1) Rev. James(3), M.A. (born 1st February, 1858), died in U.S.A. 18th April, 1900;
- (2) Hannah (born 3rd May, 1859), lived at home most of her life and died on 24th April, 1910,
- (3) David(3), (born in 1860s), emigrated and at one time was Registrar of Jamaica. He left one daughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Hicks, a grandson Kenneth and grand-daughter Mrs. Elizabeth Dodd.
- (4) John(4), (also born 1860s), went to America or Canada and left family;

- (5) Thomas(3), who died aged 52 years on 4th, April, 1922;
- 6) Murdoch(3), (born 1872), died at Chalmersquoy on 24th October, 1917, aged 45;
- (7) Annie Jean, (born 1875), was considered a beauty. She left Orkney on one occasion to be bridesmaid at someone's wedding. There she unfortunately contacted measles that left her a semi-invalid for the rest of her life. She died aged 59 on 30th November, 1934;
- (8) William(6), who also emigrated to Canada or U.S.A. He may have left family.
- (9) Barbara Elizabeth, (born 1881), trained as a schoolteacher. She was a devout member of the Baptist Church, and was very proud of her family history. She taught for a time in Pierowall School. She succeeded to the farm of Chalmersquoy and lived there until shortly before her death in the Kirkwall County Home on 15th February, 1959. Despite her delicate constitution she lived to the advanced age of 78 years. Miss Balfour willed that her farm and goods be sold after her death and the money divided between her nieces and nephew in America and Jamaica. She was the last Balfour in Westray

Returning to Thomas Balfour(1), (born 1744), son of George Balfour(2) of Chalmersquoy and brother of Murdoch(1).

Descendants of Thomas Balfour(1)



1 1110	mas Danou (1)	1/20		
. +El	izabeth Sinclair	1754 -		
2	Isobel Balfour	1771 -		
2	George Balfour (3)/4	-)1774 -		
	+Isabella			
2	Barbara Balfour	1777 -		
2	Margaret Balfour	1780 -		
2	Ann Balfour	1786 -		
***************************************	+John Co	sser		
2	William Balfour(3)	1790 - 18	370	
	+Mary Seator			
	*2nd Wife of William Balfour(3):			
	+Hannah		1805 - 1894	

1 Thomas Balfour(1)





He was designated "of Uttersquoy" but that name is no longer in existence in Westray. His wife was Elizabeth Sinclair (born 1754) a daughter of William Sinclair and Ann Moncrieff of Houton, his wife, and a direct descendant of the first George Sinclair of Rapness. Their daughter Isobel was born in 1771, son George(2) in 1774, Barbara in 1777, Margaret in 1780 and Ann in 1786. Ann married a man called John Cosser rather late in life and seems to have left no family in Westray. The youngest son was William(2), born in 1790. This William(2) was a schoolmaster in Westray. He married twice. By his first wife, Mary Seator, he had a daughter Elizabeth born in 1821 and a son Thomas(2), born 1825. The latter seems to have died young. His second wife was Hannah Sinclair who owned the house called Greeno Ha'breck, Pierowall. It was here he died of old age on 25th February, 1870. His widow survived him for nearly 24 years, dying in 1894 aged 89.

Elizabeth Balfour did needlework for a living. On 12th March, 1846, she married John Allan a master mason, the minister being the Rev. George Reid. Witnesses at the wedding were James Stewart, the Laird of Brugh, and Mr. Nichol, Officer of Fishery. No doubt it was John Allan himself who built their home, the big white house end-on to the sea at Broughton. There they lived, had their children and died. The eldest daughter, Mary Seator Allan, married Henry Reid of Langskaill, emigrated, and left a family in America; Jean (born in 1849), married Thomas Tullock of Tifter and had a son; Thomas (born in 1852) was a seaman who was drowned when his ship the "Julia" was lost off Auskerry in February 1885, he never married; the next son, William, worked in a Westray shop and he died of T.B., aged 23, in 1878. Elizabeth Balfour Allan (born in August 1857) married James Scott, harbour master, as his first

wife and was mother of the late James Scott of Links and the late Thomas A. Scott of 8 Gill Pier. Elizabeth died in April 1906. John Allan married a girl called Betty Bain from Twiness and emigrated with his sister to U.S.A. He had sons, Thomas and Robert. The youngest daughter Georgina was an invalid. She died unmarried at her sister Elizabeth's house in 1905. John Allan's wife, Elizabeth Balfour, died in 1876. Her husband followed her two years later. They were both over 50

George Balfour(4)

Now, once again, we must take a step back, to George Balfour(4), born 1774, oldest son of Thomas of Uttersquoy. Isabella Sinelair, his wife, may have been a sister of his brother William's second wife, Hannah. His daughter Elizabeth married David Hewison, a sailor, who died off Cape Horn in August 1857 aged 39. Elizabeth herself died in 1868 aged 49. They had three sons, James who died aged 24, David who survived to 1912, and Thomas who died aged 29 in Australia. None of them seem to have been married.

Elizabeth's brother George(6), born 1815 was the first Balfour of Berriedale. His wife Janet Scott came from Sanday. It is said two other Scott girls from Sanday also married in Westray about this time. George(4) and Janet had the following family:

George(7), born 1842, died 1889; Barbara, born 1844; Sinclair(1), born 1846; James(1), born 1847, died aged 22 in 1869; William(4), born 1855, died 1937; and Janet, born 1857.

SHOULD BE 1939

Gill Pier

It was George(4) or one of his sons who was responsible for the erection of Gill Pier. His son, William's wife, was a native of Rothesay. He had three sons, Fred, who went to India and fell victim of sunstroke; Francis, a solicitor in Edinburgh, and William. William senior, gave up Berriedale and left Westray. His second wife was English. William's sister, Barbara, married a Manson man and they were the parents of two sons, George who married

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WIVES IN WRONG ORDER WESTRAY ROOTS
ENGLISH WAS FIRST
CHRISSIE WATCHMAN (ROTHESAY) SECOND

an Elizabeth Reid and died young; and Peter who married Agnes Logie.

Descendants of George Balfour(4)

1 Geo	rge Balfour	(4)	1774 -	
	bella Sincl			
2	William S	Balfour(4)		
	+Margare			
		3	George Balfour(5)	
			+Mary King	
		4	Edward Balfour(1)	1881 - 1966
			+Jemima Fraser	
			5 John Geo	orge
7				(5),1920 -
			+Hazel F	
		3	Betsy Balfour	1848 -
***************************************	****		+James Bews	1849 -
2	George B	alfour(6)	1815 - 1895	1042
2	+Janet Sc		1015 - 1075	
	r Janet Be	3	Geoge Balfour(7) 18	120
************		3	Barbara Balfour	1844 -
		3	+? Manson	1044 -
		ior.		
		4	George Manson	
		0.00	+Elizabeth Reid	
	**********	4	Peter Manson	
			+Agnes Logie	
	•••	3	Sinclair Balfour(1)	
		3	James Balfour(1) 18	
	ORDER T	3	William Balfour(6)	1855 - 1937
***************************************	******		+?	1939
	*****	4	Fred Balfour	
		4	Francis Balfour =	TAN +
		4	William Balfour(5)	WILLIAM
	***	3	Janet Balfour	1857 -
2	Elizabeth	Balfour	1819 - 1868	
	+David H	ewison	1818 - 1857	
		3	James Hewison	
		3	David Hewison	- 1912
	00/00/V	3	Thomas Hewison	205012756
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Today the surname Balfour is extinct in Westray after continuing for close on four hundred years. Nevertheless a good number of people can still claim at least a drop of Balfour blood.